# Museum of classical archaeology logoPresent tense verbs with Lucius part 2!

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**Now, we’re going to learn more verbs in Latin!**

**We will learn how to make 3 different types of verb:**

**‘A’ Verbs**

**‘E’ Verbs**

**‘I’ Verbs**

**By the end you’ll be able to say:**

* **We sit**
* **They sleep**
* **You stand**

**And much more**

**In Latin!**

## ‘A’ Verbs

Do you remember in week 2 when we learnt how to say **latro** (I bark) and **amat** (he likes)?



Latro!

He likes to bark!=Amat latrare

Well, these two verbs **amare** (to like) and **latrare** (to bark) are **‘A’ verbs** because the letter before the -**re** at the end is an **a**

If we know how to say **I like** and **He likes**, how can we say **You like**, **We like** and **They like**?

We need to do more maths! If to say **I like** we take **amare**, remove the -**are** and add **o**, giving us **amo**, we do the same to say **you like**, but instead of **o** we add **as**.

So, to say **you like**, we say: **amas!!!**

Things like **o**, **as**, and **at** that we add onto the end of verbs are called **endings**

**I**, **You**, **She/He/It**, **We** and **They** all have different endings. These are:

* For **I**, we add **o**, so **I like** is **amo**
* For **You** (when talking to 1 person), we add **as**, so **You like** (r.e.1 person) is **amas**
* For **She/he/it**, we add **at**, so **She/he/it likes** is **amat**
* For **We**, we add **amus**, so **We like** is **amamus**
* For **You** (when talking to more than 1 person), we add **atis**, so **You like** (more than 1 person) is **amatis**
* For **They**, we add **ant**, so **They like** is **amant**

### **Phew! Got all that?**

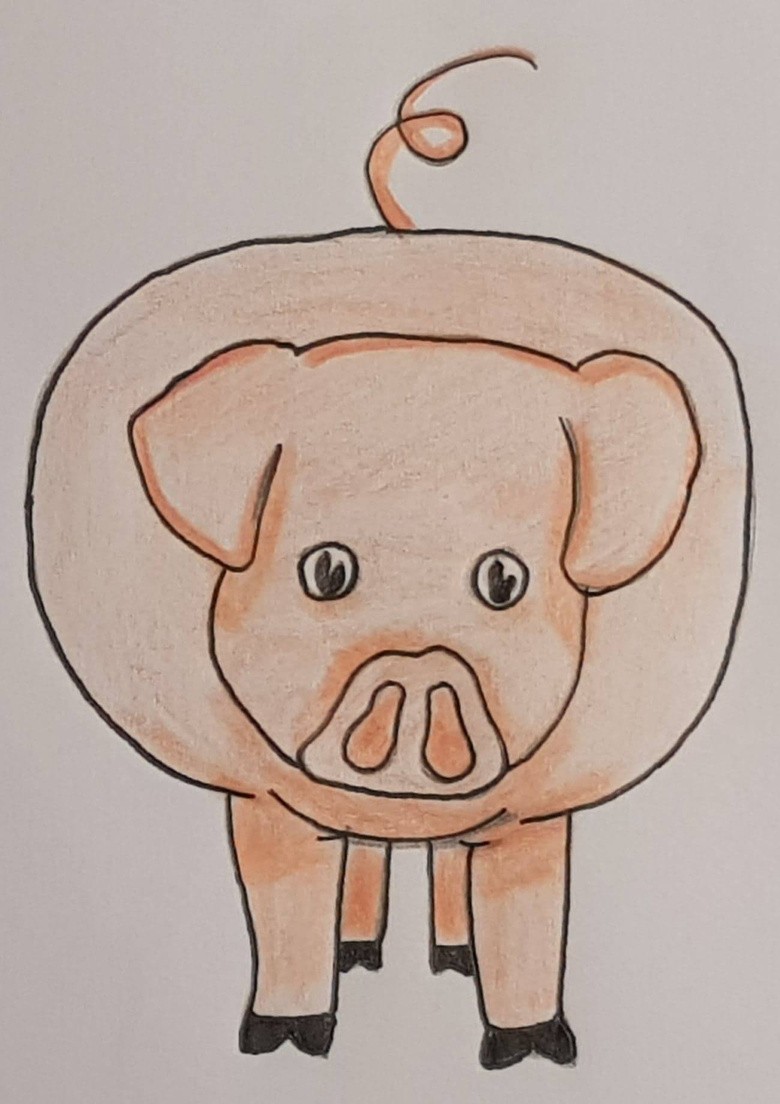
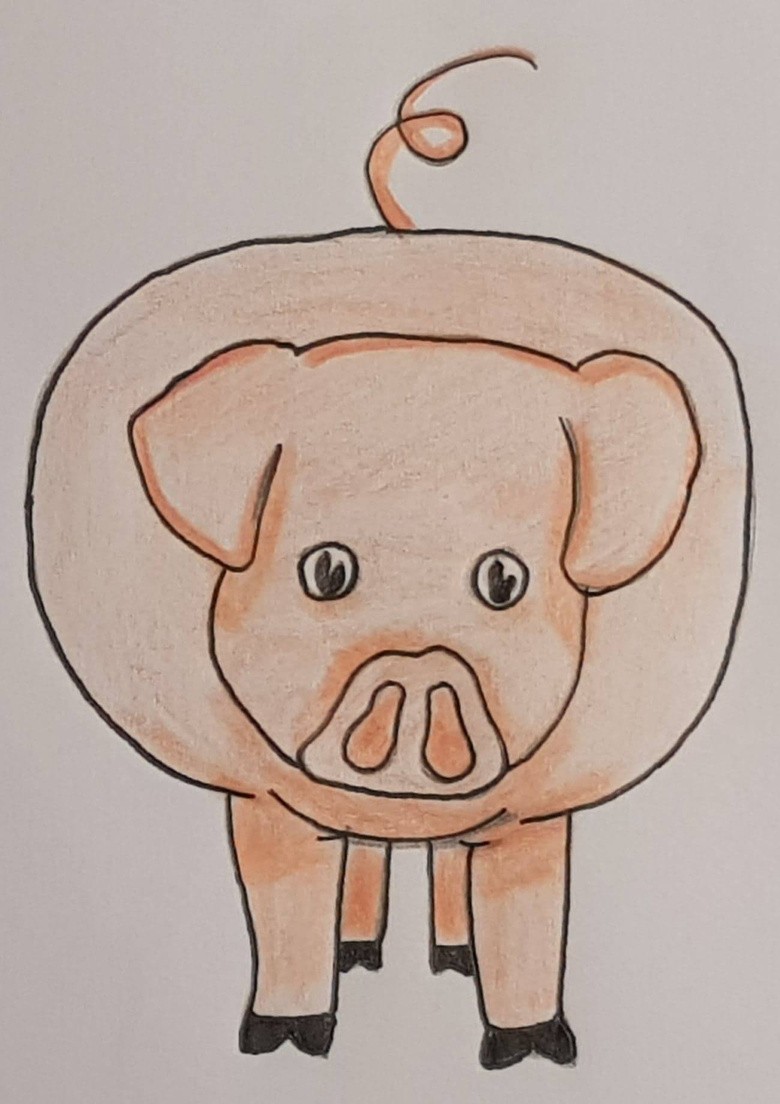
There are lots of **‘A’ verbs**, not just **amare** and **latrare**. Here are some more:

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Vocare – to call | Notare – to write/to note |
| Ambulare – to walk | Stare – to stand |
| Habitare – to live | Spectare – to watch |
| Lavare – to wash | Laborare – to work |

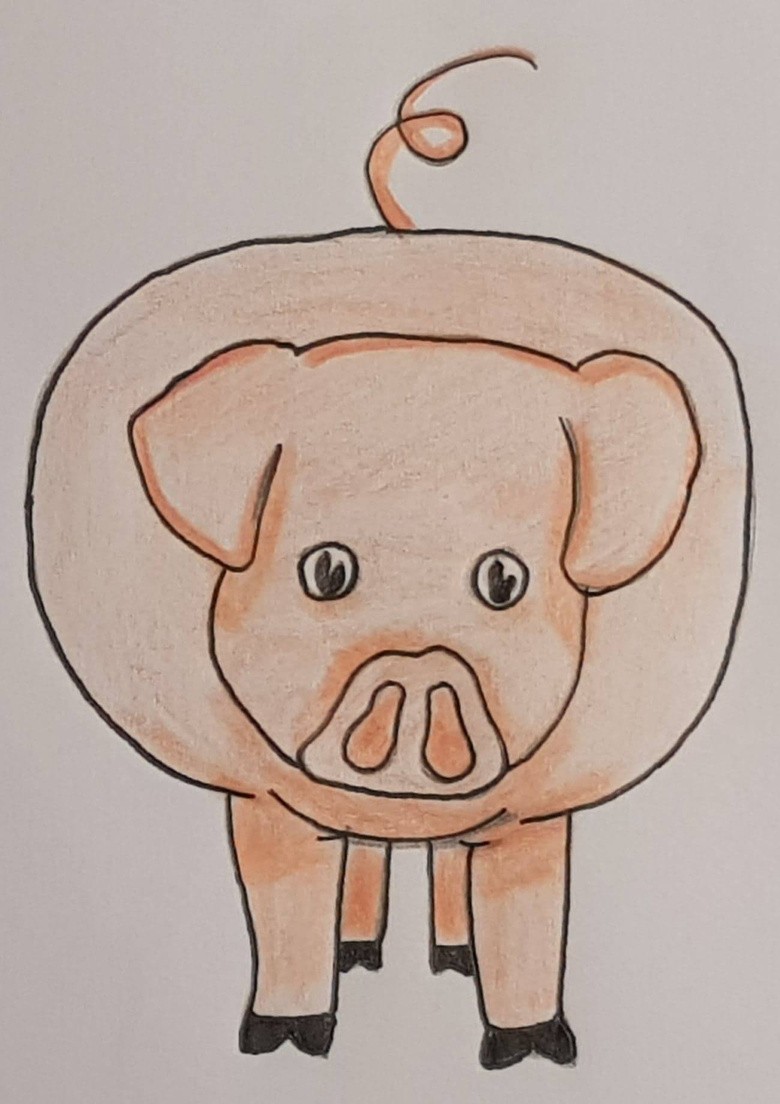
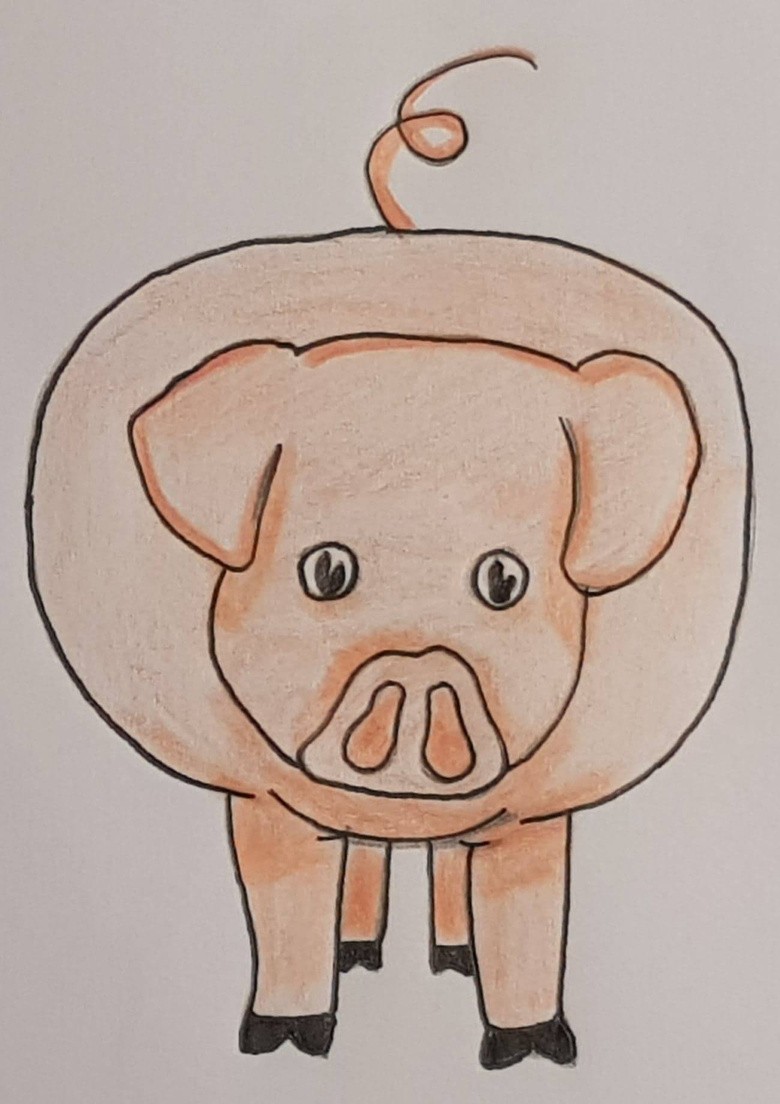
So, if Lucius sees 2 pigs, and wants to say **They stand** he says:



Stant!



If the pigs see Lucius and want to tell him **we stand** they would say:



Stamus



### **‘A’ Verbs practice**

Let’s try practicing our endings on these verbs!

(Remember, to make a verb you just take away the -**are** and add an ending!)

How would you say:

* 1. They watch:
* 2. He works:
* 3. We write:
* 4. You (more than 1 person) wash:
* 5. He lives:



## ‘E’ Verbs

‘**E**’ verbs work in exactly the same way as ‘**A**’ verbs, except rather than ending in -**are**, they end in -**ere.** If we take away the -**re**, then we have an **e**, making these ‘**E’** verbs

Here are some examples of ‘**E**’ verbs:

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Sedere – to sit | Videre – to see |
| Docere – to teach | Habere – to have |
| Movere – to move | Iacere – to lie down |

We make ‘**E**’ verbs in the same way as ‘**A**’ verbs. Just like ‘**A**’ verbs, we take away the final 3 letters, in this case -**ere**, and then add endings**.** However, ‘**E**’ verbs have different endings to ‘**A**’ verbs. We will find out what these are on the next page!



* For **I**, we have **eo** (instead of o). So, **Sedeo** means **I sit**
* For **You** (1 person), we have **es** (instead of as). So, **Sedes** means **You** (1 person) **sit**
* For **She/he/it**, we have **et** (instead of at). So, **Sedet** means **She/he/it sits**
* For **We**, we have **emus** (instead of amus). So, **Sedemus** means **We sit**
* For **You** (more than 1 person), we have **etis** (instead of atis). So, **Sedetis** means **You** (more than 1 person) **sit**
* For **They**, we have **ent** (instead of ant). So, **Sedent** means **They sit**

So, if Lucius sees 2 foxes and wants to say to them **You are sitting**, he would say:



Sedetis!



### **‘E’ Verbs practice**

Let’s try practicing our endings on the verbs above!

(Remember, to make a verb you just take away the -**re** and add an ‘**E**’verb ending!)

How would you say:

* 1. She teaches:
* 2. They move:
* 3. We see:
* 4. You (1 person) have:
* 5. I lie down:



## ‘I’ Verbs

‘**I**’ verbs work in the same way as ‘**A’** and ‘**E**’ verbs, except rather than ending in -**ere**, they end in -**ire.** If we take away the -**re**, then we have an **i**, making these ‘**I’** verbs

Here are some examples of ‘**I**’ verbs:

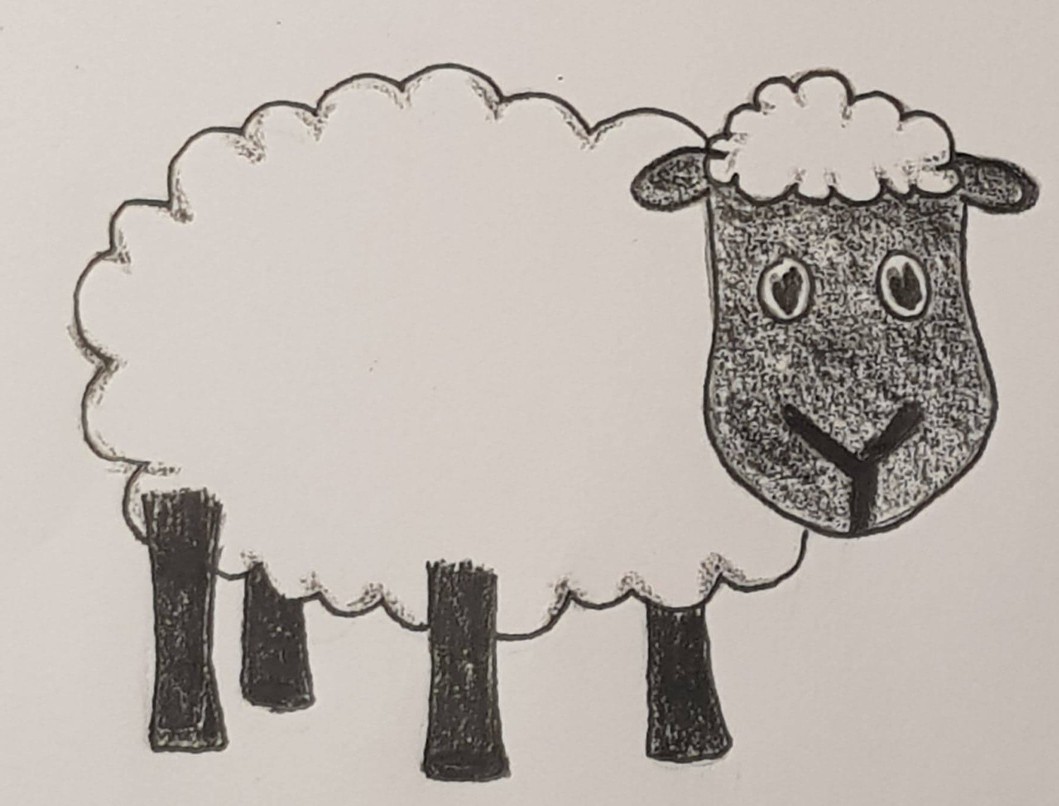
|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Dormire – to sleep | Audire – to hear |
| Pervenire – to arrive | Venire – to come |

We make ‘**I**’ verbs in the same way as ‘**E’** and ‘**A**’ verbs. Just like ‘**A**’ and ‘**E**’ verbs, we take away the final 3 letters, in this case -**ire,** and then add endings**.** However, ‘**I**’ verbs have different endings to ‘**A**’ and ‘**E**’ verbs. We will find out what these are on the next page!

(**Bonus phrase:** To say **I cook**, we say **facio cenam**! **Cenam** is the accusative singular of **cena** which means **meal**, and **facio** means **I do/ I make.** So, **facio cenam** means **I make a meal** or **I cook**)

* For **I**, we have **io** (instead of o or eo). So, **Dormio** means **I sleep**
* For **You** (1 person), we have **is** (instead of as or es). So, **Dormis** means **You** (1 person) **sleep**
* For **She/he/it**, we have **it** (instead of at or et). So, **Dormit** means **She/he/it sleeps**
* For **We**, we have **imus** (instead of amus or emus). So, **Dormimus** means **We sleep**
* For **You** (more than 1 person), we have **itis** (instead of atis or etis). So, **Dormitis** means **You** (more than 1 person) **sleep**
* For **They**, we have **iunt** (instead of ant or ent). So, **Dormiunt** means **They sleep**

So, if a sheep sees Lucius sleeping and wants to say **He sleeps**, it would say:



Dormit!



Zzzzz-issimus



### **‘I’ Verbs practice**

Let’s try practicing our endings on the verbs above!

(Remember, to make a verb you just take away the -**re** and add an ‘**I**’verb ending!)

How would you say:

* 1. We come:
* 2. They hear:
* 3. She sleeps:
* 4. I arrive:
* 5. You (more than 1 person) cook:

